S0235 Preisler, Paul (1902-1971) Papers, 1858-1972 222 Folders, 93 Photos

This collection is available at <u>The State Historical Society of Missouri</u>. If you would like more information, please contact us at <u>shsresearch@umsystem.edu</u>.

The papers of Paul William Preisler-biochemist, union organizer, lawyer and photographer were deposited in the University of Missouri-St. Louis Archives and Manuscripts Division by the executors of his estate in the Spring of 1972. The collection has been processed and organized; it is now open to the public.

Preisler dedicated his life to bettering his community and protecting the civil liberties of its citizens. His life included many causes and interests, ranging from the American Civil Liberties Union and his opposition to the proposed Food and Drug Act of Congress in the nineteen thirties to founding Local 420 of the American Federation of Teachers, to the political redistricting of the City of St. Louis and the State of Missouri. He was active in the campaign to change the 2/3 majority vote needed to pass school taxes. Although he was a veteran campaigner for public office, having run eleven times he never won an election.

Preisler was honored several times for his dedication and work in the community. Among his honors were the Page One Award, granted by the St. Louis Newspaper Guild, and certificates of appreciation from both the Easter and Western Chapters of the American Civil Liberties Union. In many organizations, Preisler was elected to offices such as the president or vice president or vice president. (See list at end.)

Paul William Preisler was born May 31, 1902. His father ,Ernest Preisler, was an architect and realtor in St. Louis. Many homes designed by him are still standing in South St. Louis. Martha Witter Preisler, mother of Paul, was a descendant of an old St. Louis family which owned and operated Witter's Book Store, a locally famous store and a literary salon. Preisler had three brothers and two sisters.

As a young boy, he attended Sherman Grammar School, followed by McKinley High School. During the summers, the Preisler family would vacation at Elkhart Lakes in Wisconsin. It was here that Preisler developed a life-long interest in turtles. Later as an adult, Preisler would entertain the vacationers with turtle races. In the fall of 1919, he entered Washington University. He graduated four years later with a Bachelor of Science in Chemical Engineering. He continued his education receiving his Ph.D. in Biochemistry in 1927. The same year he married Doris Bausch, a botanist and physiologist. Preisler then worked as a post doctoral fellow in Washington, D.C., Harvard and the University of Pennsylvania in Philadelphia. After finishing his work on the west coast, he returned to St. Louis and was hired by the Washington University School of Medicine as instructor. He remained with the University until 1941 when he joined the army. After the war, he returned to the University staying until 1950 when he began to study law.

During the thirties, Preisler campaigned vigorously against the proposed Food and Drug Act in Congress. he gave lectures with slides (some of which are in the collection). He spoke to

the academic and science community, as wall as to the general public. Preisler demanded more stringent rules for the sale of drugs, listing of the contents on cans and bottles, and the removal of quacks in the business.

In 1935, Preisler helped found the St. Louis Chapter of the American Federation of Teachers, Local 420. He was elected its first president. His first and most important task was to force the Board of Education to allow teachers to unionize, something fiercely opposed by the Board. Two years later, as the result of a court suit to force a non-partisan board election, the teachers were allowed to unionize. On the national level, Preisler became influential in the union and was elected International Vice-President for two terms (1938-1940; 1940-1942). An avid anti-Communist, Preisler was helpful in ousting three locals from the national federation for alleged Communist infiltration. However, there were repercussions from his duties with the Federation. Washington University did not endorse Preisler's union activities, but they did not wish to fire him, so they kept him at the level of instructor. (For further information please consult the Supplement to the Papers, the taped oral histories interview with Mr. Bostic Franklin, member of the AFT, and 2 part article, Walter Ehrlich "Birth Pangs of a Teachers Union: The St. Louis Story" MHR Vol. LXXIX numbers 1 and 2, 1984).

Also in the Depression decade, Preisler joined the Socialist Party. He was elected Chairman of the City Central Committee, a position held until 1952, when he resigned from the Party. One of his major concerns in the Party was that the Board of Election Commissioners refused minority parties and non-partisan candidates the right to have challengers and watchers at the election polls. As chairman, Preisler filed suit against the Board. In the early fifties, the case finally reached the Supreme Court of Missouri which ruled in Preisler's favor. Minorities could now have challengers and watchers at the polls. (For more information see the Preisler Collection, Series 4, Socialist Party, UMSL Archives and Manuscripts Division). In 1934 after the death of his father, Preisler assumed the presidency of the Preisler Realty Company, in addition to his duties as chemistry instructor, his labor activities and his socialist causes. Preisler stayed with the company until 1943 when the company was sold.

Besides all of the above activities, Preisler also ran for public office in the thirties. In 1937, two years after the St. Louis chapter of the American Federation of Teachers had been founded, Preisler ran for the Board of Education as a non-partisan. The Board refused his candidacy since, by its constitution, it was bi-partisan. In a landmark decision by the Missouri Supreme Court, the Board was forced to accept Preisler's candidacy. The court order was handed down three days before the election which meant all the ballots had to be remade. Preisler was not running to win (which he didn't) but on principle.

When World War II broke out, Preisler entered the United States Army as a captain. He was stationed at Fort Sam Houston in Texas at the Brooks General Hospital. His assignment was to the Sanitary Corps. In January 1946, he was discharged as lieutenant colonel. After the war, he returned to St. Louis. Again, he was in court. This time in 1947, he organized a suit against the Board of Education, because they did not permit married female teachers to work. Again the court ruled in favor of Preisler and women were allowed to retain their positions.

In 1950, at the age of forty-eight, Preisler entered St. Louis University School of Law. He was retained as Research Associate at Washington University with no salary. In 1969, he was awarded Professor Emeritus. he was also still active with the teachers union, but the issue

consuming most of his time at this point was the one of redistricting. In 1952 while still a law student Preisler filed his first redistricting suit. It was against the Board of Election Commissioners for improper drawing of the election districts. He lost in the lower court but on second appeal to the Missouri Supreme Court, he won. St. Louis was forced to redraw her election maps.

Next he turned his attention to the United States Congressional Districts of the state. He filed in 1962, on the grounds that the districts were not as compact and "nearly equal in population as may be." In 1965, the issue was brought before the Missouri General Assembly, which was responsible for legislating the districts. The General Assembly proposed a plan and the electorate voted for it in 1965. Early in 1966, Preisler refiled the suit for he did not think that the 1965 plan was fair enough. Late in the summer of 1966, the Missouri Supreme Court declared the 1965 plan unconstitutional. By 1969, the difference in Congressional representation was less than 2000 in population per district. At the time of his death in 1971, he was involved in another redistricting suit. In 1975, the court voted against Preisler's suit. (For more information on the Redistricting Cases, please consult the Supplement to the Papers-Taped oral history interviews with Mr. David Hemenway, Mr. Charles Blackmar, Mr. David Grant. Also Series 6, Paul William Preisler Papers). As a lawyer, Preisler served gratuitously as a Counselor for the ACLU. He defended the right of students to wear long hair, hold anti-war demonstrations, and the publish uncensored newspapers. He also defended prisoners and women against discrimination.

He was also involved in municipal affairs. he filed suit against the City of St. Louis when it proposed the roadway through Shaw's Garden. Due to the vehement protest from Preisler and the other citizens, the plan was dropped. Another case was that of the License collector's job. Preisler contested it claiming it was patronage. However, he lost this case.

Often, Preisler's fight against discrimination took the form of running for office. He ran as a Socialist for the Missouri legislature in 1934 and 1936. He campaigned for the Board of Education in 1937, 1939, 1959, 1965, 1967, and 1971 as a non-partisan. In 1940 and 1957, he ran for the Board of Alderman also as a non-partisan. In 1954, Preisler ran for the United States Congress. This campaign was another one contested in the courts. The dispute revolved around the filing fee. The Secretary of State of Missouri, Walter Toberman, refused to accept the Preisler candidacy as a non-partisan; his argument was that a statute was designed to stop Communist and splinter parties from filing unless they had a substantial number of votes in the proceeding election. Preisler argued that he could run as an individual and not as a representative of a party. The case went before the Missouri Supreme Court which ruled in favor of Preisler. Preisler did not win any of these elections. However, he successfully defended the rights of other non-partisan candidates, many of whom were subsequently elected. (See Paul William Preisler Papers, Series 3).

Outside interests of Preisler included bridge playing, cooking and photography. (Please see the Preisler Photo Collection, also in the Archives of the University of Missouri-St. Louis. For further information regarding Preisler, please consult the Supplement to the Collection; taped oral interviews with various people who knew and worked with Preisler).

Preisler was a member of many organizations, both professional and non-professional. In some of them, he was elected to high office and was presented with awards for his dedication

to others. Because of the many organizations and honors, it is easier to simply list them.

Professional Organizations:

American Association for the Advancement of Sciences

American Chemical Society

Counselor, 1949-1950

Secretary-Treasurer, Division of Biological Chemistry, 1948-1951

American Electrochemical Society

American Federation of Technical Engineers

American Society of Biological Chemistry

Association of Military Surgeons of the United States Engineers Club of American Societies for Experimental Biology

American Bar Association

Bar Association of Metropolitan St. Louis

Non-Professional Organizations:

American Civil Liberties Union Counselor, 1968-1971

American Federation of Teachers, 1935-1971

President, Local 420, 1935-1942

International Vice-President, 1937-39; 1940-42; 1950

Chairman of Legislative Committee

Executive Secretary, 1965

Central Trades and Labor Union

Chairman of the Education Committee and Delegate

Federation of Economic and Political Education

2nd Vice President

Gamma Alpha

Missouri State Historical Society

National Association for the Advancement of Colored People

Member-Executive Committee

St. Louis Labor Education Project

National Geographic Society

National Organization on Legal Problems of Education (NOLPE)

Phi Sigma

Public Education Association

Treasurer

St. Louis Labor Council

Sigma Xi

Socialist Party

Chairman of the City Central Committee, 1934-1951

State Committee of Missouri

Workers Defense League

Awards:

1952-Appreciation from the American Chemical Society

1957-Page One Award-St. Louis Newspaper Guild

1960-Appreciation Honor from the American Federation of Teachers, Local 420

1968-ACLU Award from Easter and Western Missouri Chapters 1969-Award from the American Jewish Congress 1972-Posthumously-Meritorious Service Award from St. Louis Metropolitan New Democratic Coalition In 1971, Preisler died at his home in St. Louis.

See also:

S0498 Preisler, Paul W. (1902-1971), Addenda, 1954-1977 S0548 Preisler, Paul W. (1902-1971), Photographs, 1932-1966

FOLDER LIST

BOX 1

- 1. Degrees, transcripts and licenses 1902-1968
- 2. School yearbooks and commencement programs, 1917-1971
- 3. Kindergarten art book, 1908

BOX 2

- 4. Singers Joy: The Newest Pocket Song Book for Germans in America, 1858
- 5. Warrens Geography for Beginners, 1860 (In German)
- 6. Poesie-Buch, German Scrapbook, 1899-1927
- 7. Missouri Home Guard booklet, 1918
- 8. Socialist Party campaign handbook, 1932
- 9. Correspondence, 1930-1971

BOX 3

- 10. Membership material, 1926-1971
- 11. Membership cards, 1926-1971
- 12. Membership certificates, nd
- 13. Scientific papers, 1928-1959
- 14. Newsclippings, 1952-1959
- 15. Newsclippings, 1957-1971
- 16. Elkhart Lake, Wisconsin material, nd

BOX 4

- 17. Military records, 1919-1950
- 18. Military service material, 1942-1944
- 19, A Picture of America, nd

BOX 5

- 20. Food and Drug correspondence, 1932-1937
- 21. Food and Drug, reference material, 1931-1937
- 22. Food and Drug, reference material, 1931-1939
- 23. Food and Drug, reference material, 1931-1939
- 24. Food and Drug, newsclippings, 1931-1939

BOX 6

25. Food and Drug correspondence, reference books and pamphlets, 1931-1937

BOX 7 26. American Federation of Teachers, correspondence, 1935

- 27. American Federation of Teachers material, 1935-1968
- 28. American Federation of Teachers material, 1936-1966
- 29. American Federation of Teachers, newsclips, nd

- 30. American Federation of Teachers, School Board election correspondence, 1935-1937
- 31. American Federation of Teachers, Michigan case of dismissed teacher, 1939-1940
- 32. American Federation of Teachers, Married teacher case, 1944-1947
- 33. American Federation of Teachers, Local 5 in New York City, 1941
- 34. American Federation of Teachers, Newsclippings, 1935-1936
- 35. American Federation of Teachers, School Board newsclippings, 1940

BOX 9

- 36. American Federation of Teachers, St. Louis scrapbook, 1938-1942
- 37. American Federation of Teachers, Transcript of record, Philidelphia, 1941
- 38. School Board election correspondence, 1937
- 39. School Board election material, 1937
- 40. School Board election newsclippings, 1937
- 41. School Board election campaign material, 1939

BOX 10

- 42. School Board election campaign material, 1939
- 43. School Board election newsclippings, 1939
- 44. School Board appointment by Mayor, newsclippings, 1940
- 45. Campaign for Congress correspondence, 1954
- 46. Campaign for Congress newsclippings and endorsements, 1954
- 47. Campaign for Congress financial records, 1954
- 48. Campaign for Congress newsclippings, 1954
- 49. Board of Freeholders election case, 1956
- 50. Race for Board of Aldermen, 1957
- 51. Race for Board of Aldermen correspondence, 1957
- 52. Board of Education campaign, financial records, 1959
- 53. Board of Education campaign literature, 1959
- 54. Board of Education campaign, newsclippings, 1959

- 55. Board of Education campaign, scrapbook newsclippings, 1959
- 56. Political party literature, 1932-1964
- 57. Board of Education campaign correspondence, 1965
- 58. Board of Education campaign flyers and pamphlets, 1965
- 59. Board of Education campaign newsclippings, 1965
- 60. Board of Education campaign financial records, 1965
- 61. Board of Education campaign correspondence, 1967
- 62. Board of Education campaign conflict of interest, 1967
- 63. Board of Education campaign newsclippings, 1967
- 64. Board of Trustees for Junior College District campaign, 1969
- 65. Board of Education campaign, 1971

- 66. Challengers and watchers court case (Socialist Party), 1938-1951
- 67. Socialist Party correspondence, 1935-1953
- 68. Socialist Party material, 1932-1968
- 69. Socialist Party newsclippings, 1933-1966
- 70. Socialist Party Challenger and Watcher correspondence, 1936-1966
- 71. Non partisan candidates, correspondence, 1954-1970
- 72. State of Missouri vs. Walter Toberman, 1954
- 73. Hilsman bill material, 1951-1953

BOX 13

- 74. Preisler vs. Hearnes and Eagleton, 1951-1962
- 75. Non Partisan court case, 1951-1954
- 76. Non Partison (Board of Alderman, 1959
- 77. Non Partisan cases, 1936
- 78. Ruth Porter campaign, 1966
- 79. Correspondence with Nancy Jewell, 1966
- 80. Verburg case, 1968-1970
- 81. Non partisan candidates rights, 1958

BOX 14

- 82. Non partisan candidates briefs, 1957-1977
- 83. Non partisan candidates newsclippings, 1951-1977
- 84. Non partisan candidates literature, 1949-1970
- 85. Charles Evers, nd
- 86. Mississippi law brief letters, 1965-1970
- 87. Mississippi law correspondence, 1970-1971
- 88. City Charter proposal correspondence, 1938
- 89. City Charter proposal material, 1949-1956
- 90. Proportional representation, New York city, 1937-1938
- 91. City Charters, Toledo, Ohio (1934), Cincinnati, Ohio (1933), St. Louis (1914)
- 92. City Charter newsclippings, 1938-1956

BOX 15

- 93. Redistricting, congressional, correspondence, 1961-1971
- 94. Aportionment suits financial records, 1963-1968
- 95. Redistricting, newsclippings, 1961-1965
- 96. Redistricting, U.S. Supreme Court material, 1971

BOX 16

- 97. Redistricting resources, 1946-1971
- 98. Apportionment court cases, 1931-1969

- 99. Redistricting, St. Louis, 1966-1971
- 100. Apportionment, Municipal League statistics, 1962-1963
- 101. Redistricting newsclippings, 1952-1971

- 102. Redistricting, Preisler vs. Doherty, 1952-1955
- 103. Redistricting, Preisler vs. Hearnes, 1961
- 104. Redistricting suits, 1964
- 105. Redistricting, Preisler vs. Sec. of State of Missouri et al. 1965-1972
- 106. Preisler vs. Sec. of State of Missouri, 1961
- 107. Preisler vs. Sec. of State of Missouri, 1965-1966
- 108. Preisler vs. Sec. of State of Missouri, 1966-1967
- 109. Preisler vs. Sec. of State of Missouri, 1968

BOX 19

- 110. Preisler III court appearence
- 111. Redistricting, 1967
- 112. Redistricting, reference cases, 1952-1971

BOX 20

- 113. Reaopportionment news releases, nd
- 114. Perry County documents, 1971
- 115. Perry County redistricting case, 1971
- 116. Perry Countt redistricting newsclippings, 1971
- 117. Redistricting, Special School District, 1970 (MAP)
- 118. Redistricting, Supreme Court decisions, 1964-1971
- 119. Preisler vs. Kirkpatrick Supreme Court transcript, 1969
- 120. Missouri School Law, 1970
- 121. Election Laws of the State of Missouri, 1969-1970
- 122. Fair and Equal Districts, 1970

Metropolitan Representation, 1969

One Man One Vote, 1962

123. Apportionment, Cole county, 1963

BOX 21

- 124. Apportionmnet, Missouri Supreme Court, 1965
- 125. Apportionment, declaratory judgement, 1965
- 126. Redistricting, North Carolina case, 1965-1967
- 127. Redistricting, Missouri Supreme Court briefs, 1952-1962

BOX 22

- 128. Redistricting, U.S. Supreme Court briefs, 1966-1967
- 129. Redistricting, U.S. Supreme Court briefs, 1967-1968
- 130. Jonas, Preisler et al vs. State of Missouri, exhibits, 1964-1966
- 131. Wards boundry suit, 1968-1972

- 132. City ward revision newsclippings, 1968-1971
- 133. Senate redistricting exhibits, data and maps, 1968-1971
- 134. Two-thirds majority correspondence, 1969

- 135. Two-thirds majority correspondence, 1970-1971
- 136. Two-thirds majority speaking engagements, 1969-1971
- 137. Two-thirds majority financial correspondence, 1969-1970
- 138. Two-thirds majority resource material, 1965-1970
- 139. Two-thirds majority newsclippings, 1969-1970
- 140. County Health Center court file, 1968-1970
- 141. Preisler vs. Board of Education of St. Louis, 1969-1971
- 142. Preisler vs. Mayor of St. Louis, 1969-1971

BOX 25

- 143. University City school tax, 1969-1973
- 144. University City school tax exhibits, 1968-1970
- 145. Constitution and statutes, 1945-1969
- 146. Notes for preparing briefs, 1964-1970
- 147. U.S. district court briefs, nd
- 148. U.S. Supreme Court, Kansas City briefs, 1970
- 149. Kansas City cases, briefs, 1969-1970

BOX 26

- 150. West Virginia briefs, 1969-1970
- 151. West Virginia briefs, 1970
- 152. West Virginia briefs, 1968-1970
- 153. California case, 1969
- 154. California case briefs, 1969

BOX 27

- 155. Two-thirds majority, related cases, 1961-1968
- 156. Two-thirds majority, Washington state case, 1969-1970
- 157. Two-thirds majority, Bogert vs. Kinzer, 1970
- 158. Two-thirds majority, election contest in Illinois, 1968
- 159. Two-thirds majority, Iowa case, Adams vs. Fort Madison schools, 1969-1970
- 160. Two-thirds majority, Minnesota case, 1969-1970
- 161. ACLU, correspondence, 1968-1971
- 162. ACLU, reports, pamphlets and flyers, 1968-1970

BOX 28

- 163. ACLU, source cases for legal study, 1970
- 164. ACLU, women's rights, 1970
- 165. ACLU, censorship of mail by U.S. postal service, 1970
- 166. ACLU, double jeopardy, 1970
- 167. ACLU, teacher health exams, 1968-1970
- 168. ACLU, Green case, 1968-1971
- 169. ACLU, student rights, 1969-1971
- 170. ACLU, obsenity laws, 1969-1970
- 171. ACLU, discrimmination, 1970

- 172. ACLU, acedemic freedom, 1966-1971
- 173. ACLU, marijuana, anti-war, SANE, 1969-1970
- 174. ACLU, ROTC at Washington University, 1970
- 175. ACLU, free press at University of Missouri, 1968-1970
- 176. ACLU, Higher Education Coordinating Council of Metropolitan St. Louis, 1966-1970
- 177. ACLU, abortion, 1969-1970
- 178. ACLU, underground newspapers, 1968
- 179. ACLU, human rights, seperation of church and state, 1970
- 180. ACLU, taxation, 1970
- 181. ACLU, cases, 1970
- 182. ACLU, National Guard and the Constitution, 1970
- 183. Law articles, 1949-1953

- 184. Legislation, St. Louis schools, 1951-1952
- 185. School tax, 1951
- 186. Elections, Attorney Generals opinions, 1952-1970
- 187. License collector case, 1956

BOX 31

- 188. St. Louis Labor Education Project, 1948-1950
- 189. Statute code for Missouri, 1953
- 190. Juvinile court, 1953-1954
- 191. Long vs Board of Education, 1960
- 192. Goldmacher vs. Lorne, 1959-1961
- 193. Magenheim vs. Board of Education, briefs, 1960
- 194. Magenheim vs. Board of Education, newsclippings, 1960
- 195. Magenheim vs. Board of Education, recipts, 1960
- 196. Class suits, 1960-1962
- 197. Tower Grove Park suit, 1962-1965

BOX 32

- 198. Smoking, 1967-1970
- 199. Electoral College, 1966
- 200. Triple A Golf Club in Forest Park, 1962-1964
- 201. LaDriere and Baldwin vs. Padberg et al., 1969
- 202. Survey of initiative and referendum petitions, 1968
- 203. Election procedure, 1970
- 204. Political material, 1963-1973
- 205. Student voting, 1971
- 206. California school tax case, 1971
- 207. Law and the Sex Revolution, 1971
- 208. Preisler vs. Board of Education, 1971
- 209. Write-in label affixing case, 1970-1971

- 210. Write-in label affixing case, newsclippings, 1971
- 211. Write-in label affixing case, reference cases, 1971

- 212. Labor issues, 1949-1968
- 213. Fluoridation, 1969
- 214. Federation for Economic and Political Education, 1946-1948
- 215. Notary Public Information, 1936-1969
- 216. NAACP, 1962-1967
- 217. Kinloch, Segregation
- 218. St. of Missouri vs. Circuit Court of St. Louis, 1966-1967
- 219. Pamphlets, 1968-1971
- 220. "The Horror of It: Camera Records of War's Gruesome Glories." Xerox copy of publication dated 1932; Certificates, 1916-1955; also in Oversize box
- 221. Photographs 235.1-235.27. Personal photos of Preisler and family members.

- 222. Finding aids with contact prints for negatives included in folder 224 (235.28-235.58)
- 223. Glass negatives of photographs 235.28-235.58, taken in Chicago, ca 1900
- 224. Glass negatives of photographs 235.59-235.93, apparently part of a Food and Drug Act slide presentation

BOX 35

- v235.1 May Day Outtakes, 1934; S.P. Candidates at Union Station (16mm, B&W, silent)
- v235.2a May Day 1936 &1938 (16mm, B&W, silent)
- v235.2b Audiocassette to accompany May Day 1936-1938 Preisler film-by Anne Spillenkothen (16mm, B&W, silent)
- v235.3 May Day, 1938-old and original movie film from the Paul Preisler collection (16mm, B&W, silent)
- v235.4 Auto Workers, ILGWU Picnic (16mm, B&W, silent)-Badly damaged in beginning and warped throughout; not projected
- v235.5-Banquet speakers, more women than men, all with badge (16mm, B&W, silent)
- v235.6 Doug Anderson, Bob Saunders (speakers), E (S?) Butler-card tricks; lab-E. Ronzoni (16mm, B&W, silent)
- v235.7 Preisler May Day Somewhere between 1934 and 1938; Strikers/ILGWU BBQ (ND), Lab Convention (probably ILGWU (ND) (VHS; from 16mm)
- v235.8 Preisler Film, May Day 1934; Autoworkers ILGWU Picnic (VHS; from 16mm)

INDEX

ACLU, f. 161-182

American Federation of Teachers, f. 26-37

Board of Alderman, f. 50-51

Board of Education, f. 38-44, 52-55, 57-63, 65

Board of Freeholders, f. 49

Charter, City, f. 88-92

County Health Center, f. 140

Eagleton, Tom f. 74

Evers, Charles, f. 85

Fluoridation, f. 213

Food and Drug, f. 20-25

Forest Park, f. 200

Germans in America, f. 4, 6

Hearnes, Warren, f. 74

Hilsman bill, f. 73

Junior College District, f. 64

Juvenile Court, f. 190

Kinloch, MO, f. 217

Labor, f. 212, f. 26-37

Missouri School Law, f. 120

NAACP, f. 216

Perry County, f. 114-116

Porter, Ruth, f. 78

Preisler, Paul, f. 1-122

Redistricting, f. 93-105, 111-112, 117-118, 122-133

Smoking, f. 198

Socialist Party, f. 8, 66-70

Toberman, Walter, f. 72

Tower Grove Park, f. 197

Two-thirds Majority, f. 134-139, 155-160

University City, f. 143-144